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Strand: Reading for Literature

 Learning Standards: RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. RL.11-12.2 Analyze literary text development. RL.11-12.3 Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed). RL.11-12.4 Determine the connotative, denotative, and figurative meanings of words and phrases as they are used in the text; analyze the impact of author's diction, including multiple-meaning words or language that is particularly evocative to the tone and mood of the text. RL.11-12.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g. the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact. RL.11-12.6 Analyze a case in which grasping point of view or perspective requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement) and evaluate the impact of these literary devices on the content and style of the text. RL.11-12.7 Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded on live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text. RL.11-12.9 Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more diverse texts from the same 	 How Taught? Teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: Students closely read select passages from documents to analyze text structure, development, and consequent meanings Teacher provides direct instruction, give feedback, and model critical thinking Small group and class discussions, including Socratic seminar Cooperative learning groups Determine two or more themes of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another. Produce a thorough analysis of the text. Allow students to self select Independent reading and/or Book Club books Students to define, use, and connect to content area and literature based vocabulary Students to work in groups to analyze a text Teachers to use high yield instructional strategies such as, but not limited to, three-level guides, bracket challenge, fiction prediction
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period treat similar themes and/or topics. RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range, building background knowledge and activating prior knowledge in order to make personal, societal, and ethical connections that deepen understanding of complex text.	
Materials: Various works, such as but not limited to the following: ACT Prep Great Lakes Theater Residencies My Perspectives: British Literature Units 1 -6: Forging a Hero; Reflecting on Society; Facing the Future, Confronting the Past; Seeing Things New; Discovering the Self; Finding a Home True Voices: (May include but not limited to) - essays from This I Believe - "Rocking Horse Winner" - A Raisin in the Sun - "Hair" - Good Hair - "Caged Bird" - "I, too"	 How Assessed? Assessments may include, but are not limited to: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, inventories, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, mini analysis assignments, group work, reflections, discussions, Socratic seminar, writer's workshops, homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, checklists, journals/progress notes, observations, conferences/interviews, rubrics, questionnaires, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, project, evaluation, demonstration, portfolio review)
 "Sympathy" "Let America Be America Again" "The Beauty of Black" "I Have a Dream" "The Negro Speaks of Rivers" "Song of the Son" "Mother to Son" "Mother to Son" "Woman Work" "The Atlanta Compromise" "Back to Africa" "Of Mr. Booker T. Washington and Others" "The Ballot or the Bullet" <i>Pursuit of Happyness</i> "Artivism" "Happiness of Pursuit" <i>The Glass Castle</i> Gothic Literature: (May include but not limited to) "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner" "Prometheus" and "Erlkoenig" -Grimm's Fairy Tales 	 How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: descriptive feedback on original task/assessment student examples of expectations modeling student self assessments new tasks assigned by teacher manipulatives presenting the information again in a different way review sessions graphic organizers small-group instruction practice activities computer tutorials / programs

-Selected poems by Edgar Allan Poe -"A Good Man is Hard to Find" -Jurassic Park -Frankenstein -Dracula Hero's Journey: (May include but not limited to) -Star Wars: A New Hope Graphic Novel -Rocket Boys -Hidden Figures -The Alchemist -Unbroken -Hamlet -Jane Eyre -The Hobbit -Lord of the Rings Trilogy -"Disguises" -"A Jury of Her Peers" -"The Friday Everything Changed" -"Weekend" -"Rules of the Game" -"Wife of Bath's Tale" -The Neverending Story -A League of Their Own -The Thirteenth Warrior - Star Wars movies	 picture associations peer tutoring breaking down concept into smaller components games and hands-on activities parent involvement cooperative learning Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to experience and engage material in new and different ways
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Strand: Reading for Informational Texts

Learning Standards: RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain RI.11-12.2 Analyze informational text development. RI.11-12.3 Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text. RI.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text. RI.11-12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging. RI.11-12.6 Determine an author's perspective or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text. RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem. RI.11-12.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning	 How Taught? Teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: Students closely read select passages from documents to analyze text structure and meaning Teacher provides direct instruction, gives feedback, and models critical thinking Students conduct research regarding a student/teacher selected topic of argument Students learn to create annotated bibliographies to aid in research Teacher-directed lesson regarding confirmation bias and objectivity Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another. Craft an informative abstract that delineates how the central ideas of a text interact and build on one another. Students closely read select passages from documents to analyze text structure, development, and consequent meanings Small group and class discussions, including Socratic seminar Cooperative learning groups Produce a thorough analysis of the text. Allow students to self select Independent reading and/or Book Club books Students to define, use, and connect to content area and literature based vocabulary Teachers to use high yield instructional strategies such as, but not limited to, three-level guides, bracket challenge, fiction prediction
RI.11-12.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in. seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., <i>The</i> <i>Federalist</i> , presidential addresses). RI 11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of	

historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features. RI.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	
Materials: Various works, such as but not limited to the following: ACT Prep Seminal Documents from United States <i>My Perspectives</i> : British Literature Units 1 -6: Forging a Hero; Reflecting on Society; Facing the Future, Confronting the Past; Seeing Things New; Discovering the Self; Finding a Home "The Pedestrian" by Ray Bradbury "There Will Come Soft Rains" by Say Bradbury "There Will Come Soft Rains" by Sara Teasdale INFOHIO Historical and Current Events/News and speeches such as, but not limited to President Bush's 9/11, Rotary Club Four Way speeches Samples of professional authors' works and advice on writing, such as Stephen King's <i>On Writing</i> Author interviews, such as, but not limited to Stephen King, Ray Bradbury, etc. Confirmation Bias resources such as, but not Imited to, Facing History and Ourselves, NPR, Institute for Advanced Science and Technology Points of View Reference Center ProCon.org Purdue OWL Voice Lessons Expert Photography.org, National Geographic.org Adobe Spark Gothic Literature: (May include but not limited to)	 How Assessed? Assessments may include, but are not limited to: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, inventories, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, mini analysis assignments, group work, reflections, discussions, writer's workshops, homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, checklists, journals/progress notes, observations, conferences/interviews, rubrics, questionnaires, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, project, evaluation, demonstration, portfolio review) How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: descriptive feedback on original task/assessment student examples of expectations modeling student self assessments new tasks assigned by teacher manipulatives presenting the information again in a different way review sessions graphic organizers small-group instruction practice activities

Hero's Journey: -Hero with a Thousand Faces -"Challenger: Reagan's Address to the Nation" True Voices: (May include but not limited to) - essays from This I Believe: "Tomorrow Will be a Better Day" and "The Joy and Enthusiasm of Reading" - Good Hair - "Happiness of Pursuit"	 computer tutorials / programs picture associations peer tutoring breaking down concept into smaller components games and hands-on activities parent involvement cooperative learning Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to experience and engage material in new and different ways
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Strand: Writing

extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic. Establish and maintain a formal style and • objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). Teacher provides direct instruction, give feedback, and model critical thinking Small group and class discussions and peer editina Determine two or more themes of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another. Produce a thorough analysis of the text. Students to define, use, and connect to content area and literature based vocabularv Teachers to use high yield instructional • strategies such as, but not limited to, three-level guides, bracket challenge, fiction prediction Use of various genres of writing: letters, scripts, speeches, debates, round table discussions, blackout poetry, meme themes, technical, poetry, literary analysis Use of Soapstone to analyze a text QPA: Quick Passage Analysis Materials: How Assessed? Various works, such as but not limited to the

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following: ACT Prep <i>My Perspectives:</i> British Literature Units 1 -6: Forging a Hero; Reflecting on Society; Facing the Future, Confronting the Past; Seeing Things New; Discovering the Self; Finding a Home Historical and Current Events/News and speeches such as, but not limited to President Bush's 9/11, Rotary Club Four Way speeches "The Madeleine" Samples of professional authors' works and advice on writing, such as Stephen King's <i>On Writing</i> Author interviews, such as, but not limited to Stephen King, Ray Bradbury, etc. Points of View Reference Center ProCon.org <i>Fahrenheit 451</i> "The Secret Life of Walter Mitty" <i>The Secret Life of Walter Mitty</i> (2013) <i>Purdue OWL</i> <i>Voice Lessons</i> Expert Photography.org, National Geographic.org Adobe Spark <i>The Minority Report (2002)</i> <i>Macbeth</i>	 Assessments may include, but are not limited to: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, inventories, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, mini analysis assignments, group work, reflections, discussions, writer's workshops, homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, checklists, journals/progress notes, observations, conferences/interviews, rubrics, questionnaires, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, project, evaluation, demonstration, portfolio review) How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include, but are not limited to:
Hero's Journey: (May include but not limited to)	 student examples of expectations modeling
-Star Wars: A New Hope Graphic Novel -I Am the Messenger	 student self assessments
-The Alchemist	 new tasks assigned by teacher manipulatives
-Hamlet -Jane Eyre	 manipulatives presenting the information again in a
-The Neverending Story	different way
-A League of Their Own -The Thirteenth Warrior	review sessions
-Hero with a Thousand Faces	 graphic organizers small-group instruction
-"Challenger: Reagan's Address to the Nation"	 small-group instruction practice activities
True Voices:	 computer tutorials / programs
- essays from This I Believe	picture associations
- A Raisin in the Sun	peer tutoring
- "Caged Bird"	 breaking down concept into smaller
- "I, too" - "Sympathy"	components
- "Let America Be America Again"	 games and hands-on activities
- "The Beauty of Black"	parent involvement
- "I Have a Dream"	cooperative learning
- "The Negro Speaks of Rivers"	Universal Design for Learning principles
- "Song of the Son" "Mether to Son"	offering students opportunities to
- "Mother to Son" - "Woman Work"	experience and engage material in new and
- "The Atlanta Compromise"	different ways
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- "Back to Africa"
- Back to Africa
 "Of Mr. Booker T. Washington and Others"
 "The Ballot or the Bullet"
 "Happiness of Pursuit"
 The Glass Castle

Strand: Speaking and Listening

 Learning Standard: SL.11-12.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11–12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. SL.11-12.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data. SL.11-12.3 Evaluate a speaker's perspective, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used. SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and a range of formal and informal tasks. SL.11-12.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. SL.11-12.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. Language Standards 	 How Taught? Teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. Work with peers to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making, set clear goals and deadlines, and establish individual roles as needed. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives; synthesize comments, claims, and evidence made on all sides of an issue; resolve contradictions when possible; and determine what additional information or research is required to deepen the investigation or complete the task.
Materials: Various works, such as but not limited to the following: <i>My Perspectives</i> Unit 3: Facing the Future, Confronting the Past Historical and Current Events/News and speeches such as, but not limited to President Bush's 9/11, Rotary Club Four Way speeches Author interviews, such as, but not limited to Stephen King, Ray Bradbury, etc.	 How Assessed? Assessments may include, but are not limited to: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, inventories, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, mini analysis assignments, group work, reflections, discussions, writer's workshops,

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Confirmation Bias resources such as, but not limited to, Facing History and Ourselves, NPR, Institute for Advanced Science and Technology <i>The Minority Report</i> <i>The Secret Life of Walter Mitty</i> (2013) Great Lakes Theater Residencies Audio versions of selected texts Hero's Journey: - <i>Star Wars: A New Hope</i> - <i>Hamlet</i> - <i>The Neverending Story</i> - <i>A League of Their Own</i> - <i>The Thirteenth Warrior</i> - <i>"Challenger:</i> Reagan's Address to the Nation" - Interview with Joseph Cambpell - <i>The Avengers: Endgame</i> True Voices: - <i>A Raisin in the Sun</i> - <i>Good Hair</i> - <i>Pursuit of Happyness</i> - "Artivism" - <i>The Glass Castle</i>	 homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, checklists, journals/progress notes, observations, conferences/interviews, rubrics, questionnaires, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, project, evaluation, demonstration, portfolio review) Presentations: Summer Spark, Blackout Poetry or Meme Theme, Genre Three and individual presentations in literature course
	 How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: descriptive feedback on original task/assessment student examples of expectations modeling student self assessments new tasks assigned by teacher manipulatives presenting the information again in a different way review sessions graphic organizers small-group instruction practice activities computer tutorials / programs picture associations peer tutoring breaking down concept into smaller components games and hands-on activities

	 cooperative learning Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to experience and engage material in new and different ways
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Learning Standard: L.11-12.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. L.11-12.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Observe hyphenation conventions. b. Spell correctly. L.11-12.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. L.11-12.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.11-12.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text. b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations. L.11-12.6 Acquire and use accurate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	 How Taught? Teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: Apply the understanding that usage is a matter of convention, can change over time, and is sometimes contested. Resolve issues of complex or contested usage, consulting references (e.g., MerriamWebster's Dictionary of English Usage, Garner's Modern American Usage) as needed. Vary syntax for effect, consulting references (e.g., Tufte's Artful Sentences) for guidance as needed. Apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts when reading. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable). c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, part of speech, etymology, or standard usage.
• •	standard usage.
Materials: My Perspectives Unit 3: Facing the Future, Confronting the Past Historical and Current Events/News and speeches such as, but not limited to President Bush's 9/11, Rotary Club Four Way speeches Samples of professional authors' works and advice on writing, such as Stephen King's On Writing Author interviews, such as, but not limited to Stephen King, Ray Bradbury, etc. Confirmation Bias resources such as, but not limited to, Facing History and Ourselves, NPR, Institute for Advanced Science and Technology	 How Assessed? Assessments may include, but are not limited to: Pre-Assessments (pre-tests, inventories, observation, anticipation guide, questioning, diagnostics) Formative Assessments (entry/exit slips, mini analysis assignments, group work, reflections, discussions, writer's workshops, homework/classwork, self and peer evaluations, checklists, journals/progress notes, observations,

Points of View Reference Center ProCon.org Fahrenheit 451 "The Secret Life of Walter Mitty" The Secret Life of Walter Mitty (2013) Purdue Owl Voice Lessons Expert Photography.org, National Geographic.org Adobe Spark True Voices: (May include but not limited to) - essays from This I Believe - "Rocking Horse Winner" - A Raisin in the Sun - "Harlem" - "Harlem" - "Caged Bird" - "I, too" - "Sympathy" - "Let America Be America Again" - "The Beauty of Black" - "I Have a Dream" - "The Negro Speaks of Rivers" - "Song of the Son" - "Mother to Son" - "Woman Work" - "The Atlanta Compromise" - "Back to Africa" - "Of Mr. Booker T. Washington and Others" - "The Ballot or the Bullet" Burguit of Hompurpoor	 conferences/interviews, rubrics, questionnaires, quick writes) Summative Assessments (formal essays, using rubrics; tests/exams, project, evaluation, demonstration, portfolio review) How Re-Taught? Re-teaching activities may include, but are not limited to: descriptive feedback on original task/assessment student examples of expectations modeling student self assessments new tasks assigned by teacher manipulatives presenting the information again in a different way review sessions graphic organizers small-group instruction practice activities computer tutorials / programs picture associations peer tutoring breaking down concept into smaller components
 "Song of the Son" "Mother to Son" "Woman Work" "The Atlanta Compromise" "Back to Africa" "Of Mr. Booker T. Washington and Others" 	 computer tutorials / programs picture associations peer tutoring
	components games and hands-on activities parent involvement cooperative learning
	 Universal Design for Learning principles offering students opportunities to experience and engage material in new and different ways